

# Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report



Village of Sherman, Illinois

For the year ended April 30, 2023

# **CONTENTS**

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	7
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	8
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	9
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	10
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	11
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	12
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND	13
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND	14
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND	15
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	16
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – CASH BASIS – GENERAL FUND	38
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – CASH BASIS – TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND	43
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – CASH BASIS – MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND	44
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	45

# **CONTENTS**

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET BY SUBFUND – TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND	48
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES	
IN FUND BALANCE BY SUBFUND – TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND	49
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON MANAGEMENT'S	
ASSERTION OF COMPLIANCE	50



### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Trustees Village of Sherman, Illinois

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Sherman, Illinois (the Village) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Sherman, Illinois as of April 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village of Sherman, Illinois, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Village management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
  is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Village has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as supplementary information in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Springfield, Illinois October 29, 2024

Kerber, Eck + Brackel LLP

# Village of Sherman, Illinois STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2023

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,401,253	\$ 412,666	\$ 4,813,919
Investments	255,235	-	255,235
Property tax receivable	360,400	-	360,400
Other receivables	209,420	107,835	317,255
Internal balances	70,368	(70,368)	-
Prepaid expenses	41,200	450 122	41,200
Total current assets	5,337,876	450,133	5,788,009
Capital Assets			
Land	1,707,225	295,156	2,002,381
Construction in progress	236,229	-	236,229
Other capital assets, net of			
accumulated depreciation	10,554,426	354,023	10,908,449
Total capital assets	12,497,880	649,179	13,147,059
Total assets	17,835,756	1,099,312	18,935,068
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	151,542	45,383	196,925
Accrued payroll	11,768	2,089	13,857
Accrued interest payable	258,272	-	258,272
Unearned revenue	636,412	-	636,412
Compensated absences payable, current	18,852	4,208	23,060
Notes payable, current	107,955	-	107,955
G.O. bonds payable, current	212,000	-	212,000
TIF bonds payable, current	1,073,764		1,073,764
Total current liabilities	2,470,565	51,680	2,522,245
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated absences payable, noncurrent	44,024	5,006	49,030
Notes payable, noncurrent	310,367	-	310,367
G.O. bonds payable, noncurrent	3,102,000	-	3,102,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,456,391	5,006	3,461,397
Total liabilities	5,926,956	56,686	5,983,642
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred revenue - property taxes	360,400	-	360,400
Total deferred inflows of resources	360,400	-	360,400
Total liabilities and deferred inflows			
of resources	6,287,356	56,686	6,344,042
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	9,175,163	649,179	9,824,342
Restricted for maintenance of roadways	792,325	, -	792,325
Restricted for economic development	1,591,544	-	1,591,544
Restricted for public safety	20,008	-	20,008
Restricted for debt service	553,128	-	553,128
Unrestricted	(583,768)	393,447	(190,321)
Total net position	\$ 11,548,400	\$ 1,042,626	\$ 12,591,026

			Prog	ram Revenues			1	Net (Expense) F	Revenu	e and Changes	in Ne	t Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	arges for ervices	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Gı	Capital rants and atributions		vernmental <u>Activities</u>		siness-Type Activities		<u>Total</u>
Governmental activities												
General government	\$ 635,352	\$ 85,812	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(549,540)	\$	-	\$	(549,540)
Public safety	885,607	2,922		2,990		-		(879,695)		-		(879,695)
Streets and public works	861,263	-		191,171		45,562		(624,530)		-		(624,530)
Culture and recreation	504,793	191,569		4,550		-		(308,674)		-		(308,674)
Economic development	652,072	-		-		-		(652,072)		-		(652,072)
Interest on long-term debt	 88,461	-		-		-		(88,461)		-		(88,461)
Total governmental activities	3,627,548	280,303		198,711		45,562		(3,102,972)		-		(3,102,972)
Business-type activities	925,878	713,669				<u>-</u>		_		(212,209)		(212,209)
Total	\$ 4,553,426	\$ 993,972	\$	198,711	\$	45,562		(3,102,972)		(212,209)		(3,315,181)
		<u>(</u>	General F	<u>Revenues</u>								
		F	roperty	taxes				2,029,682		-		2,029,682
		S	ales and	l use tax				946,469		-		946,469
		li li	ntergove	ernmental				830,558		-		830,558
		li li	nvestme	nt income				73,537		2,756		76,293
		C	ther rev	renue				120,453		-		120,453
		E	xtraordi	nary item - gai	n on cand	cellation of debt		619,194		-		619,194
		Т	otal ger	eral revenues				4,619,893		2,756		4,622,649
		C	hange i	n net position				1,516,921		(209,453)		1,307,468
		Net position, beginning of year					10,031,479		1,252,079		11,283,558	
		N	let posit	ion, end of yea	r		\$	11,548,400	\$	1,042,626	\$	12,591,026

#### Village of Sherman, Illinois BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2023

		General <u>Fund</u>		x Increment ancing fund		otor Fuel ax Fund		rastructure <u>oject Fund</u>	Total	Governmenta <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,626,125	\$	1,573,494	\$	792,029	\$	409,605	\$	4,401,253
Investments		255,235		-		-		-		255,235
Property tax receivable		360,400		-		-		-		360,400
Other receivables		192,818		-		16,602		-		209,420
Due from other funds		674,710		54,914		-		-		729,624
Prepaid expenses		41,200		-		-		-		41,200
Total assets	\$	3,150,488	\$	1,628,408	\$	808,631	\$	409,605	\$	5,997,132
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	s									
AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities		446.570		4 007		0.075				454 540
Accounts payable	\$	146,570	\$	1,997	\$	2,975	\$	-	\$	151,542
Accrued payroll		11,420		348		-		-		11,768
Due to other funds		611,406		34,519		13,331		-		659,256
Unearned revenue	-	636,412		-		-		-		636,412
Total liabilities		1,405,808		36,864		16,306		-		1,458,978
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		360,400		-		-		-		360,400
Total liabilities and deferred										
inflows of resources		1,766,208		36,864		16,306		-		1,819,378
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		41,200		-		-		-		41,200
Restricted						702 225				702.225
Maintenance of roadways  Economic development		-		1 501 544		792,325		-		792,325
·		20,008		1,591,544		-		-		1,591,544 20,008
Public safety Capital projects		20,008		-		-		409,605		409,605
Debt service		553,128		-		-		409,603		553,128
Unrestricted		333,120		_		_		_		333,120
Assigned for culture and recreation		39,225								39,225
Unassigned		730,719		-		-		-		730,719
Ollassigned	_	130,119		-				-		730,713
Total fund balances		1,384,280		1,591,544		792,325		409,605		4,177,754
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	3,150,488	Ś	1,628,408	Ś	808,631	Ś	409,605	\$	5,997,132

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# Village of Sherman, Illinois RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES April 30, 2023

RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 4,177,754
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in the governmental activities of \$ 16,785,893, net of accumulated depreciation of \$ 4,288,013, are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds	12,497,880
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated absences payable	(62,876)
Accrued interest payable	(258,272)
Notes payable, current	(107,955)
G.O. bonds payable, current	(212,000)
TIF bonds payable, current	(1,073,764)
Notes payable, noncurrent	(310,367)
G.O. bonds payable, noncurrent	(3,102,000)
Total long-term liabilities	 (5,127,234)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 11,548,400

Village of Sherman, Illinois STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended April 30, 2023

	General <u>Fund</u>	x Increment ancing fund	lotor Fuel <u>Fax Fund</u>	frastructure roject Fund	Total	Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 427,345	\$ 1,602,337	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,029,682
Sales and use taxes	945,348	1,121	-	-		946,469
Intergovernmental	830,558	-	236,733	-		1,067,291
Licenses and permits	85,812	-	-	-		85,812
Fines	2,922	-	-	-		2,922
Investment income	24,918	16,814	19,622	12,183		73,537
Contributions	7,540	-	-	-		7,540
Park events	191,569	-	-	-		191,569
Other revenues	 120,453	-	-	-		120,453
Total revenues	2,636,465	1,620,272	256,355	12,183		4,525,275
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	564,044	-	-	-		564,044
Public safety	811,333	-	-	-		811,333
Streets and public works	474,765	-	111,301	-		586,066
Culture and recreation	335,657	-	-	-		335,657
Economic development	-	621,875	-	-		621,875
Debt service						
Principal	322,037	714,952	-	-		1,036,989
Interest	76,862	140,931	-	-		217,793
Capital outlay	 672,769	230,179	-	1,855,460		2,758,408
Total expenditures	 3,257,467	1,707,937	111,301	1,855,460		6,932,165
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(621,002)	(87,665)	145,054	(1,843,277)		(2,406,890
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loans issued	 244,122	-	-	-		244,122
Total other financing sources (uses)	 244,122	-	-	-		244,122
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM						
Debt cancellation	 -	164,278	-	-		164,278
Net change in fund balances	(376,880)	76,613	145,054	(1,843,277)		(1,998,490
Fund balances at beginning of year	 1,761,160	1,514,931	647,271	2,252,882		6,176,244
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,384,280	\$ 1,591,544	\$ 792,325	\$ 409,605	\$	4,177,754

# Village of Sherman, Illinois RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended April 30, 2023

#### **RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

(1,998,490)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, loans, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has an effect on net position.

Capital debt obligation principal payments	1,036,989
Notes issued	(244,122)
Gain on cancellation of debt	454,916

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current

financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in compensated absences	(24,345)
Change in accrued interest payable	129,332

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of assets.

Capital asset purchases	2,639,593
Depreciation expenses	(476,952)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,516,921

# Village of Sherman, Illinois STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND April 30, 2023

	Sewer Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 412,666
Accounts receivable	107,835
Due from General Fund	604,214
Total current assets	1,124,715
Noncurrent assets	
Land	295,156
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	354,023
Total noncurrent assets	649,179
Total assets	1,773,894
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	45,383
Accrued payroll Due to General Fund	2,089
	674,582
Compensated absences payable - current	4,208
Total current liabilities	726,262
Noncurrent liabilities	
Compensated absences payable - noncurrent	5,006
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,006
Total liabilities	731,268
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	649,179
Unrestricted	393,447
Total net position	\$ 1,042,626

# Village of Sherman, Illinois STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND Year ended April 30, 2023

	 Sewer Fund
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 713,669
Operating expenses	
Salaries	150,428
Maintenance and supplies	178,710
Sanitary usage	485,366
Collection fees	22,646
Depreciation	62,146
Miscellaneous	 26,582
Total operating expenses	 925,878
Operating loss	 (212,209)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Investment income	2,756
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 2,756
Change in net position	(209,453)
Total net position, beginning of year	 1,252,079
Total net position, end of year	\$ 1,042,626

### Village of Sherman, Illinois STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND Year ended April 30, 2023

	Sewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from customers	\$ 674,634
Cash paid to suppliers	(677,806)
Cash paid to employees	(154,723)
Net cash from operating activities	(157,895)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Payments to interfund accounts	1,784,978
Proceeds from interfund accounts	(1,689,169)
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	95,809
Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets	
Net cash from capital financing activities	
Cash flows from investing activities	
Interest received	2,756
Net cash from investing activities	2,756
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(59,330)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	471,996
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 412,666
Cash and cash equivalents consists of the following:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 412,666
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u> </u>
	\$ 412,666
Reconciliation of operating income	
to net cash from operating activities	
Operating loss	\$ (212,209)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to	· (==,===,
net cash from operating activities	
Depreciation	62,146
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	(39,035)
Accounts payable	35,498
Accrued payroll	243
Compensated absences payable	(4,538)
Net cash from operating activities	\$ (157,895)

### **NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basic financial statements of Village of Sherman, Illinois (the Village) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Village's significant accounting policies are described below.

## 1. Reporting Entity

The Village of Sherman, Illinois operates under a President-Trustee form of government. All significant activities and organizations on which the Village exercises oversight responsibility have been included in the Village's financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2023.

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity is based upon the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the primary government.

The Village has determined that no other outside entity meets the above criteria and, therefore, no other entity has been included as a component unit in the Village's financial statements.

### 2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information on all of the activities of the primary government. As a general rule, the effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are administrative charges between the Village's General Fund and the Sewer Fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

### **NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or activity, and 3) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Village.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The accounts of the Village are organized into funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The individual funds account for the governmental resources allocated to them for the purpose of carrying on specific activities in accordance with laws, regulations, or other restrictions.

### **NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Measurement Focus**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are intended to finance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenue (grants and shared revenue), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two bases for revenue recognition. In one, monies are virtually unrestricted as to the purpose of expenditure and are nearly irrevocable; therefore, these amounts are recognized as revenue at the time of their receipt or earlier if they meet the criteria of availability. In the other, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Village; therefore, revenue is recognized based upon the expenditure recorded.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales taxes collected within 90 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, miscellaneous revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Personal property replacement taxes are considered to be measurable when they have been collected and allocated by the state and are recognized as revenue at that time. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

### **NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the government. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village, designated as such by the Village, or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### **Governmental Funds**

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> – The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for the activities relating to the Tax Increment Financing Districts.

<u>Motor Fuel Tax Fund</u> – The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for motor fuel taxes received and the use of those funds for certain projects.

<u>Infrastructure Project Fund</u> – The Infrastructure Project Fund is used to account for the activities relating to capital projects.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – The Sewer Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses related to operating and maintaining the Village's sewer operations.

### **NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of financial reporting, cash and cash equivalents include all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are not capitalized in the governmental funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to May 1, 2004. Prior to May 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since May 1, 2004, are recorded at cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Vehicles	5 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Computers	5 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years
Sewer plant treatment facilities	40 years

### **NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 5. Capital Assets

The minimum capitalization amount for buildings is \$ 100,000, for vehicles is \$ 15,000, for equipment is \$ 5,000, for computers is \$ 2,500, and for infrastructure is \$ 1,000,000.

#### 6. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 7. Equity Classification

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital
  assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of
  any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the
  acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use
  either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and
  regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or
  enabling legislation. None of the restricted net position result from enabling
  legislation adopted by the Village.
- Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

### NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 7. Equity Classification

It is the Village's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available.

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

*Non-spendable*: Amounts that are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted*: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose. None of the restricted fund balances result from enabling legislation adopted by the Village.

*Committed*: Amounts that have been formally set aside by the Village Board for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the Village Board.

Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the Village Board but are neither restricted nor committed.

*Unassigned*: Amounts that are available for any purpose.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it is the policy of the Village to generally consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the Village that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The Village has not established fund balance reserve policies for their governmental funds.

### **NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption/acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents a consumption/acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### 9. Use of Estimates

Management of the Village has made certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and contingent assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 10. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value using the quoted market price. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell and asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

#### 11. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is accrued when incurred by the Village in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of the proprietary fund is recorded as an expense and liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to employees. A liability in the governmental funds is reported only if the benefit has matured.

Full-time permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Village. Employees are allowed to accumulate two years vacation time. Employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. Sick leave also accrues to full-time employees; however, unused sick leave is not payable upon termination of employment.

### **NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 12. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for recognition and disclosure in the financial statements through October 29, 2024. See Note L for subsequent events.

#### **NOTE B | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The Village's Board of Trustees have adopted an investment policy to invest in investments allowed by the Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) which authorize the Village to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds.

It is the policy of the Village to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Village and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. The primary objectives of the policy, in order of priority, are conformance with legal requirements, protection of investment, liquidity, and attainment of market rates of return.

#### a. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. To guard against credit risk for deposits with financial institutions the Village's investment policy requires all deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance to be collateralized with collateral held at an independent third-party institution in the name of the Village as evidenced by a written agreement. As of April 30, 2023, the Village's deposits held at various financial institutions were in excess of FDIC insurance and collateral by \$ 6,001.

#### b. Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. The Village's policy limits investments to securities maturing less than one year from the date of purchase. The reserve funds of the Village may be invested in securities exceeding one year if the maturity of such investments coincides with the expected use of funds. Below is a schedule of investment maturities in years.

# NOTE B | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### b. Investments

					More
	<u>Fair Value</u>	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	<u>Than 10</u>
Negotiable CDs	\$ 255,235	\$ 255,235 \$		- \$	- \$ -

The Village limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity by primarily investing in certificates of deposit. Certificates of deposit and money market funds are not rated.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of the outside party. The Village limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by utilizing independent, third-party institutions, selected by the Village, to act as custodian for its securities and collateral.

Concentration of credit risk – The Village places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer. The Village's investments are in certificates of deposit.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy of inputs are used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 are significant unobservable inputs. Certificates of deposit are reported at fair value using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

#### **NOTE C | PROPERTY TAXES**

The property tax levy ordinance must be filed in Sangamon County by the last Tuesday in December on the assessed valuation as of January 1. The 2022 tax levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property on January 1, 2022. These taxes are collected by the County Collector and are submitted to the County Treasurer, who remits to each government unit their respective share of the collections. Since the 2022 levy will be collected in fiscal year 2024 and is intended to finance the 2024 fiscal year, the levy has been recorded as a receivable and deferred inflow of resources. The 2023 tax levy has not been recorded as a receivable at April 30, 2023. Although the tax attached as a lien on the property as of January 1, 2023, the tax will not be levied until December 2023, and, accordingly, is not measurable at April 30, 2023.

# NOTE C | PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year. The Sangamon County installments are due June 1 and September 1.

# **NOTE D | RECEIVABLES**

The following receivables are included in other receivables on the statement of net position as of April 30, 2023:

Sales and use tax receivable	Ċ	177,431
Sales and use tax receivable	Ş	111,431
Video gaming tax receivable		12,939
Motor fuel tax allotment receivable		16,602
Other receivables		2,448
Total governmental activities		209,420
Sewer accounts receivable		107,835
Total primary government	\$	317,255

# NOTE E | CAPITAL ASSETS

Activity for general fixed assets capitalized by the Village is summarized below:

	Balance <u>May 1, 2022</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance April 30, 2023
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,707,225 312,103	\$ - 236,229	\$ - 312,103	\$ 1,707,225 236,229
Total	2,019,328	236,229	312,103	1,943,454
Other capital assets Buildings Vehicles	750,502 808,757	- 47,677	- 43,605	750,502 812,829
Equipment Computers	1,091,439 37,805	109,621 9,696	+3,003 - -	1,201,060 47,501
Infrastructure	9,482,073	2,548,473		12,030,546
Total other capital assets	12,170,576	2,715,467	43,605	14,842,438
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	362,670	18,762	-	381,432
Vehicles	593,373	60,271	43,605	610,039
Equipment	670,312	81,673	-	751,985
Computers Infrastructure	32,898 2,195,412	2,760 313,486	-	35,658 2,508,898
illiastructure	<u> </u>	313,460		2,300,636
Total accumulated depreciation	3,854,665	476,952	43,605	4,288,012
Other capital assets, net	8,315,911	2,238,515		10,554,426
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$10,335,239	\$ 2,474,744	\$ 312,103	\$12,497,880

# NOTE E | CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance May 1, 2022	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance April 30, 2023
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 295,156	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 295,156
Other capital assets Sewer plant treatment facility Vehicles Equipment	2,359,500 89,793 44,982	-	- - -	2,359,500 89,793 44,982
Total other capital assets	2,494,275	-	-	2,494,275
Less accumulated depreciation for Sewer plant treatment facility Vehicles Equipment	1,964,083 89,793 24,230	58,988 - 3,158	- - -	2,023,071 89,793 27,388
Total accumulated depreciation	2,078,106	62,146		2,140,252
Other capital assets, net	416,169	(62,146)	-	354,023
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 711,325	\$ (62,146)	\$ -	\$ 649,179

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 22,115
Public safety	46,916
Streets and public works	252,802
Culture and recreation	 155,119
	\$ 476,952
Business-type activities	
Sewer	\$ 62,146

# NOTE F | RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss including, but not limited to, general liability, property casualty, workers compensation and public official liability. To limit exposure to these risks, the Village participates in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA). The Village pays an annual premium to IMLRMA for its coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Village's policy is to record any related expenditures in the year in which they are notified and pay the assessment. The Village is not aware of any additional assessments owed as of April 30, 2023.

Employee life and health risks are insured through the purchase of a commercial insurance plan.

### **NOTE G | DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The Village offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to full-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The Village also elected to make a matching contribution up to 4% of an employee's annual salary. An employee is eligible to participate when hired and is vested 100% immediately. The amounts deferred and earnings thereon, are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. During the year, the Village contributed \$ 27,876 for the matching contribution.

Contributions are administered by a third-party agent and the assets and income thereon are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries.

#### NOTE H | LONG-TERM DEBT

**Governmental Activities** 

#### Notes Payable (Direct Borrowing)

In fiscal year 2019 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a police vehicle. The Village borrowed \$ 50,000 at an interest rate of 3.44% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 909 beginning November 22, 2018 with a final payment due October 22, 2023. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 5,394.

In fiscal year 2020 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a police vehicle. The Village borrowed \$ 50,000 at an interest rate of 2.75% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 894 beginning October 4, 2019 with a final payment due September 4, 2024. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 15,871.

### **NOTE H | LONG-TERM DEBT**

In fiscal year 2020 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a mower for streets and public works. The Village borrowed \$ 27,211 at an interest rate of 3.40% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 494 beginning October 10, 2019 with a final payment due September 10, 2024. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 8,114.

In fiscal year 2020 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a mower for streets and public works. The Village borrowed \$ 39,707 at an interest rate of 2.50% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 1,147 beginning June 5, 2020 with a final payment due May 5, 2023. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 1,146.

In fiscal year 2020 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of police radios. The Village borrowed \$ 21,773 at an interest rate of 3.50% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 638 beginning September 11, 2020 with a final payment due August 11, 2023. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 2,536.

In fiscal year 2022 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a truck for streets and public works. The Village borrowed \$ 59,950 at an interest rate of 0.80% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 1,020 beginning August 16, 2021 with a final payment due July 16, 2026. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 39,243.

In fiscal year 2022 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a police vehicle. The Village borrowed \$ 50,000 at an interest rate of 0.80% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 851 beginning August 6, 2021 with a final payment due July 6, 2026. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 32,730.

In fiscal year 2022 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a police vehicle. The Village borrowed \$ 50,000 at an interest rate of 0.80% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 851 beginning December 5, 2021 with a final payment due November 5, 2026. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 36,037.

In fiscal year 2022 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a police vehicle. The Village borrowed \$ 23,005 at an interest rate of 1.63% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 655 beginning May 1, 2022 with a final payment due April 1, 2025. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 15,463.

### **NOTE H | LONG-TERM DEBT**

In fiscal year 2022 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a truck for streets and public works. The Village borrowed \$ 46,346 at an interest rate of 0.80% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 788 beginning October 2, 2021 with a final payment due September 2, 2026. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 31,872.

In fiscal year 2023 the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a mower and utility trailer. The village borrowed \$ 33,871 at an interest rate of 3.59% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 994 beginning December 2022 with a final payment due in November 2025. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 29,382.

In fiscal year 2023, the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a Ford F150 Police responder. The village borrowed \$ 50,250 at an interest rate of 3.33% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 911 beginning October 2022 with a final payment due in September 2027. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 44,810.

In fiscal year 2023, the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a snowplow truck. The Village borrowed \$ 160,000 at an interest rate of 4.24% to be paid in monthly payments of \$ 1,643 beginning December 2022 with a final payment due in November 2032. The principal balance as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 155,723.

The assets and related obligations of the notes payable are accounted for as governmental activities. Future principal and interest payments on the notes payable are as follows:

Year ending April 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 107,955	\$ 10,323	\$	118,278
2025	92,280	8,193		100,473
2026	73,403	6,325		79,728
2027	41,139	5,020		46,159
2028	20,274	4,000		24,274
2029 - 2033	 83,271	8,729		92,000
	\$ 418,322	\$ 42,590	\$	460,912

### **NOTE H | LONG-TERM DEBT**

#### **General Obligation Bonds (Direct Borrowing)**

\$ 3,730,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 dated February 23, 2021, due in semi-annual installments of \$ 207,000 to \$ 270,000 through November 1, 2036; interest at 1.08% to 2.30%. These bonds were issued for the purpose of financing costs of refunding the Village's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016 and costs of construction of street improvements and other municipal projects within the Village. The amount of bonds outstanding as of April 30, 2023 was \$ 3,314,000.

The assets and related obligations of the general obligation bonds are accounted for as governmental activities. Future principal and interest payments on the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year ending April 30		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2024	\$	212,000	\$	65,422	\$	277,422
2025		214,000		62,709		276,709
2026 2027		217,000 221,000		59,756		276,756
2028		221,000		56,544 53,052		277,544 277,052
2029 - 2033		1,183,000		202,304		1,385,304
2034 - 2037		1,043,000		66,012		1,109,012
	S	3.314.000	Ś	565.799	S	3.879.799

### **Tax Increment Financing Bonds**

The tax increment financing bonds are a limited obligation of the tax increment financing district of the Village payable solely and only from collections of incremental taxes from each specific "Project Increment Area". These taxes are deemed to be "Pledged Taxes", irrevocable until the obligations are discharged.

The bonds do not constitute a general obligation of the Village. However, the bonds payable are required to be reported on the Village's financial statements.

### **NOTE H | LONG-TERM DEBT**

#### Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 (Direct Borrowing)

The Village issued \$ 1,650,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A and Series 2004B for the purpose of paying a portion of redevelopment project costs. The Village pays debt service expenditures from incremental property taxes collected within the Tax Increment Financing District. During fiscal year 2011 the bond holders amended the bond ordinance to extend the maturity schedule. The amended maturity schedule includes principal payments ranging from \$ 117,000 to \$ 186,000 and are due each January 1 from 2012 through 2022. Interest is 6.0% and interest payments are due semi-annually in January and July. The remaining balance on the bonds of \$ 361,000 was paid off during the year ended April 30, 2023.

### <u>Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 (Direct Borrowing)</u>

The Village issued \$ 2,000,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 for the purpose of paying a portion of redevelopment project costs. The Village pays debt service expenditures from incremental property taxes collected within the Tax Increment Financing District. Principal payments range from \$ 95,000 to \$ 262,000 and are due each January 1 from 2015 through 2024. Interest is 4.50% and interest payments are due annually in January beginning in fiscal year 2012.

As of April 30, 2023, there were unpaid principal and interest payments of \$ 1,033,397 from prior fiscal years in accordance with the debt service requirements for the Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2011. The Series 2011 bond covenant requires punctual payment of the principal and interest payments when they come due in strict conformity with the terms of the bond ordinance. While this is an instance of noncompliance with the bond covenant, the bonds are only required to be repaid with incremental taxes from the project increment area. There were not enough incremental taxes generated by the project increment area for the unpaid principal and interest payments as of April 30, 2023. The unpaid principal and interest is included in the year ending April 30, 2024 debt service payments below.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year ending April 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 1.073.764	\$ 233,421	\$ 1.307.185

### **NOTE H | LONG-TERM DEBT**

### Tax Increment Financing Note Payable (Direct Borrowing)

Certain bond payments of the Village were paid by a developer of the Route 66 TIF District. According to the development agreement all payments made by the developer for principal and interest on TIF bonds due to a shortfall in the Tax Increment Allocation Fund shall be repaid by the Village from tax increment financing proceeds. This obligation remained in effect until the expiration of the Route 66 TIF District in October 2022. The obligation of \$ 454,916 expired during fiscal year 2023 and is included as a gain on cancellation of debt on the statement of activities.

### **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities:**

The activity relating to governmental long-term liabilities during the fiscal year is as follows:

				Amount Due
	Balance			Balance Within
	May 1, 2022	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	April 30, 2023 One Year
Governmental activities				
Notes payable	\$ 287,237	\$ 244,122	\$ 113,037	\$ 418,322 \$ 107,955
General obligation bonds	3,523,000	-	209,000	3,314,000 212,000
TIF Bonds	1,788,716	-	714,952	1,073,764 1,073,764
TIF note payable	454,916	-	454,916	
Compensated absences	38,531	75,364	51,019	62,876 18,852
Total	\$ 6,092,400	\$319,486	\$ 1,542,924	\$ 4,868,962 \$ 1,412,571
				Amount Due
	Balance			Balance Within
	May 1, 2022	<u>Additions</u>	<b>Reductions</b>	April 30, 2023 One Year
				•
Business-type activities				
Compensated absences	\$ 13,752	\$ 4,977	\$ 9,515	\$ 9,214 \$ 4,208
·			<del></del>	
Total	\$ 13,752	\$ 4,977	\$ 9,515	\$ 9,214 \$ 4,208

### **NOTE I | INTERFUND BALANCES**

Interfund receivable and payable balances at April 30, 2023 consisted of:

Constant	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>		
General Fund TIF Fund Motor Fuel Tax Fund	\$ - 13,331	\$ 20,395		
Sewer	674,582	604,214		
TIF Fund	687,913	624,609		
General Fund TIF Fund	20,395 34,519	34,519		
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	54,914	34,519		
General Fund	-	13,331		
Sewer Fund General Fund	604,214	674,582		
Total interfund receivables/payables	\$ 1,347,04 <u>1</u>	<u>\$ 1,347,041</u>		

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

### **NOTE J | TAX ABATEMENTS**

The Village has entered into agreements with private organizations to encourage economic development in the Village. The agreements are noted as follows:

• A development agreement dated August 10, 2010 that allowed for reimbursement of 75% of the incremental property taxes generated by the organization to assist with redevelopment costs. The agreement expired upon the earliest of (1) the payment of \$ 190,500 to the organization, or (2) December 31, 2022. Upon the expiration of the agreement, the remaining balance due of \$ 164,278 expired and is included in cancellation of debt on the statement of activities.

### **NOTE K | COMMITMENTS**

The Village has multiple construction contract commitments for capital improvements. Total outstanding construction commitments as of April 30, 2023 are \$ 414,152.

### **NOTE L | SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In October 2023, the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a mower. The Village borrowed \$ 22,473 at an interest rate of 4.62% to be paid in monthly increments beginning November 2023 with a final payment due in October 2026.

In November 2023, the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a police vehicle. The Village borrowed \$55,000 at an interest rate of 4.70% to be paid in monthly increments beginning December 2023 with a final payment due in November 2028.

In December 2023, the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of two public works trucks. The Village borrowed \$ 88,272 at an interest rate of 5.15% to be paid in monthly increments beginning January 2024 with a final payment due in December 2028.

In May 2024, Village-wide capital project funding allocations not to exceed \$ 1,328,696 were approved.

In July 2024, the Village entered into an agreement with a financial institution to finance the purchase of a police vehicle. The Village borrowed \$65,272 at an interest rate of 5.05% to be paid in monthly increments beginning August 2024 with a final payment due in July 2029.



		Gener	al Fund	
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 357,409	\$ 357,409	\$ 382,136	\$ 24,727
Road and bridge taxes	43,500	43,500	45,209	1,709
Sales and use taxes	600,000	600,000	926,691	326,691
Personal property replacement taxes	360	360	1,197	837
Income taxes	618,238	618,238	755,056	136,818
Video gaming tax	45,000	45,000	68,468	23,468
Cannabis tax	9,112	9,112	7,357	(1,755)
Franchise fees	45,000	45,000	47,049	2,049
Licenses	26,850	26,850	26,350	(500)
Building permits	5,000	5,000	12,413	7,413
Fines	8,000	8,000	2,923	(5,077)
Charges for services	22,400	22,400	22,400	-
Investment income	16,500	16,500	24,918	8,418
Contributions	8,500	8,500	26,640	18,140
Grants	773,000	773,000	318,371	(454,629)
Park events revenue	250,000	250,000	191,569	(58,431)
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	78,953	68,953
Total revenues	2,838,869	2,838,869	2,937,700	98,831
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Finance				
Insurance	66,000	66,000	56,352	(9,648)
Auditing	9,000	9,000	-	(9,000)
Finance total	75,000	75,000	56,352	(18,648)
Legal				
Attorney	25,000	25,000	16,403	(8,597)
Legal total	25,000	25,000	16,403	(8,597)

			G	eneral Fund	d (Co	ntinued)		
		Original Budget		Final Budget	<u> (501</u>	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Over/ ( <u>Under)</u>
Village Hall:								
Salaries	\$	170,465	\$	170,465	\$	150,063	\$	(20,402)
Payroll expenditures	¥	33,094	Ÿ	33,094	Ÿ	36,374	¥	3,280
Telecommunications		5,000		5,000		3,553		(1,447)
IT support		12,000		12,000		1,167		(10,833)
Office supplies		2,500		2,500		1,232		(1,268)
Printing		16,000		16,000		5,723		(10,277)
Postage		6,500		6,500		482		(6,018)
Training		7,000		7,000		4,566		(2,434)
Dues and membership		15,000		15,000		27,954		12,954
Public relations		20,000		20,000		20,579		579
Utilities		8,500		8,500		32,668		24,168
Building maintenance		10,000		10,000		9,597		(403)
Community events		20,000		20,000		50,096		30,096
Website		3,000		3,000		2,295		(705)
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		19,726		18,726
Village Hall total		330,059		330,059		366,075		36,016
Contingency								
Contingency		275,482		275,482		116,470		(159,012)
Contingency total		275,482		275,482		116,470		(159,012)
General government total		705,541		705,541		555,300		(150,241)
Public Safety								
Public health and safety								
Salaries		6,600		6,600		_		(6,600)
Payroll expenditures		505		505		_		(505)
Animal control		1,000		1,000		678		(322)
Computer/software		500		500				(500)
Equipment repairs		1,500		1,500		2,829		1,329
Training		740		740		376		(364)
Uniforms		500		500		12		(488)
Miscellaneous		75		75		_		(75)
Public health and safety total		11,420		11,420		3,895		(7,525)

			G	eneral Fund	d (Co	ntinued)		
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Over/ ( <u>Under)</u>
Police								
Salaries	\$	485,041	\$	485,041	\$	492,891	\$	7,850
Payroll expenditures	Ÿ	150,032	Ÿ	150,032	Y	164,717	Ÿ	14,685
Telecommunications		21,000		21,000		26,314		5,314
IT support		6,000		6,000		7,325		1,325
Gasoline		35,000		35,000		35,276		276
Equipment repairs and maintenance		17,500		17,500		20,792		3,292
Building maintenance		6,500		6,500		5,144		(1,356)
Training		10,000		10,000		5,960		(4,040)
Ammunition and firearms		6,000		6,000		3,970		(2,030)
Uniforms and equipment		20,000		20,000		14,561		(5,439)
Calendar fund		1,500		1,500		,001		(1,500)
Neighborhood watch		_,		_,		5,262		5,262
Supplies		6,000		6,000		3,639		(2,361)
Utilities		6,000		6,000		9,183		3,183
Community events		-		-		595		595
Police total		770,573		770,573		795,629		25,056
Public safety total		781,993		781,993		799,524		17,531
Streets and public works								
Streets and alleys								
Salaries		392,625		392,625		225,498		(167,127)
Payroll expenditures		52,893		52,893		43,708		(9,185)
Gas and oil		15,000		15,000		9,530		(5,470)
Diesel fuel		3,500		3,500		6,624		3,124
Equipment maintenance and repair		17,000		17,000		31,236		14,236
Telephone		2,000		2,000		1,804		(196)
Miscellaneous/supplies		8,000		8,000		22,213		14,213
Clean-up day		3,200		3,200		4,751		1,551
Streets and alleys total		494,218		494,218		345,364		(148,854)
Engineering								
Engineering		65,000		65,000		127,026		62,026
Engineering total		65,000		65,000		127,026		62,026
Streets and public works total		559,218		559,218		472,390		(86,828)

				Seneral Fund	d (Cor	ntinued)		
		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Fin	ance with al Budget Over/ <u>Under)</u>
Culture and recreation								
Parks and recreation								
Diesel fuel	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$	5,160	\$	1,660
Park maintenance	•	30,000	•	30,000	,	29,750	•	(250)
Utilities		10,000		10,000		141		(9,859)
Equipment supplies		30,000		30,000		65,349		35,349
Park events		210,000		210,000		266,214		56,214
Miscellaneous/supplies		-		-		3,720		3,720
Parks and recreation total		283,500		283,500		370,334		86,834
Culture and recreation total		283,500		283,500		370,334		86,834
Debt service								
Bond payment		209,000		209,000		209,000		_
Bond interest		67,888		67,888		67,888		_
Capital lease principal		170,965		170,965		113,037		(57,928)
Capital lease interest		· -		-		8,973		8,973
Debt service total		447,853		447,853		398,898		(48,955)
Capital outlay								
Police		50,000		50,000		57,808		7,808
Streets and alleys		408,250		408,250		441,610		33,360
Parks and recreation		38,332		38,332		43,725		5,393
Village hall		32,500		32,500		31,537		(963)
Capital outlay total		529,082		529,082		574,680		45,598
Total expenditures		3,307,187		3,307,187		3,171,126		(136,061)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(468,318)		(468,318)		(233,426)		234,892

			G	eneral Func	i (Co	ntinued)		
		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget	,	Actual  \$ 244,122 244,122 10,696  (387,576)		riance with nal Budget Over/ (Under)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Loan proceeds	\$	415,000	\$	415,000	\$	244,122	\$	(170,878)
Total other financing sources (uses)		415,000		415,000		244,122		(170,878)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(53,318)	\$	(53,318)		10,696	\$	64,014
RECONCILIATION TO MODIFIED ACCRUAL								
BASIS - NET CHANGE RESULTING FROM RECORDING ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE,								
PAYABLE, AND OTHER ACCRUED ITEMS						(387,576)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE -								
MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS						(376,880)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						1,761,160		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	1,384,280		

		Tax Increment	Financing Fund	
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,602,337	\$ 102,337
Investment income	4,000	4,000	16,814	12,814
Sales tax	-	-	1,121	1,121
Total revenues	1,504,000	1,504,000	1,620,272	116,272
EXPENDITURES				
Economic development				
Salaries	=	-	16,615	16,615
Engineering	120,000	120,000	2,292	(117,708)
Legal fees	40,000	40,000	-	(40,000)
Audit	4,500	4,500	-	(4,500)
Surplus distribution	565,000	565,000	605,120	40,120
Miscellaneous	-	-	60	60
Debt service				
Principal	251,000	251,000	714,952	463,952
Interest	25,000	25,000	140,931	115,931
Capital outlay	1,690,000	1,690,000	227,887	(1,462,113)
Total expenditures	2,695,500	2,695,500	1,707,857	(987,643)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,191,500)	\$ (1,191,500)	(87,585)	\$ 1,103,915
RECONCILIATION TO MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS - NET CHANGE RESULTING FROM RECORDING ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, PAYABLE, AND OTHER ACCRUED ITEMS			164,198	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS			76,613	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			1,514,931	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 1,591,544	

				Motor Fue	el Tax	Fund		
		Original Budget	_	Final Budget	<u>.c.rux</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	ance with al Budget Over/ <u>Under)</u>
REVENUES								
Motor fuel tax	\$	109,816	\$	109,816	\$	188,234	\$	78,418
Intergovernmental	•	96,000	,	96,000	•	45,562	•	(50,438)
Investment income		3,000		3,000		19,622		16,622
Total revenues		208,816		208,816		253,418		44,602
EXPENDITURES								
Streets and public works								
Snow removal, patching, mowing		17,500		17,500		4,687		(12,813)
Engineering		2,440		2,440		2,440		-
Commodities		19,600		19,600		-		(19,600)
Miscellaneous projects		-		-		26,633		26,633
Operating supplies		20,500		20,500		2,719		(17,781)
Street lighting		60,000		60,000		69,235		9,235
Signal maintenance		2,000		2,000		3,296		1,296
Total expenditures		122,040		122,040		109,010		(13,030)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	86,776	\$	86,776		144,408	\$	57,632
RECONCILIATION TO MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS - NET CHANGE RESULTING FROM RECORDING ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, PAYABLE, AND OTHER ACCRUED ITEMS						646		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS						145,054		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						647,271		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	792,325		

#### **NOTE A | BUDGET**

The appropriations ordinance and budget is prepared on a cash basis by fund. Prior to passage, the governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations. A final appropriation ordinance and budget must be filed with the County Clerk within 30 days of its adoption. Expenditures are budgeted by operational line item which constitutes the legal level of control. The amounts reflected in the financial statements represent the final amended appropriations.

#### NOTE B | RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS

The budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Tax Increment Financing Fund, and Motor Fuel Tax Fund present comparisons of the budget on a cash basis with actual data on the cash basis. Because accounting principles applied for the purpose of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), a reconciliation of resultant basis and timing differences in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2023 is presented on each budgetary comparison schedule in the line item titled "Reconciliation to modified accrual basis – net change resulting from recording accounts receivable, payable, and other accrued items."

### **NOTE C | EXCESS OVER BUDGET**

The following operational line items had an excess of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended April 30, 2023:

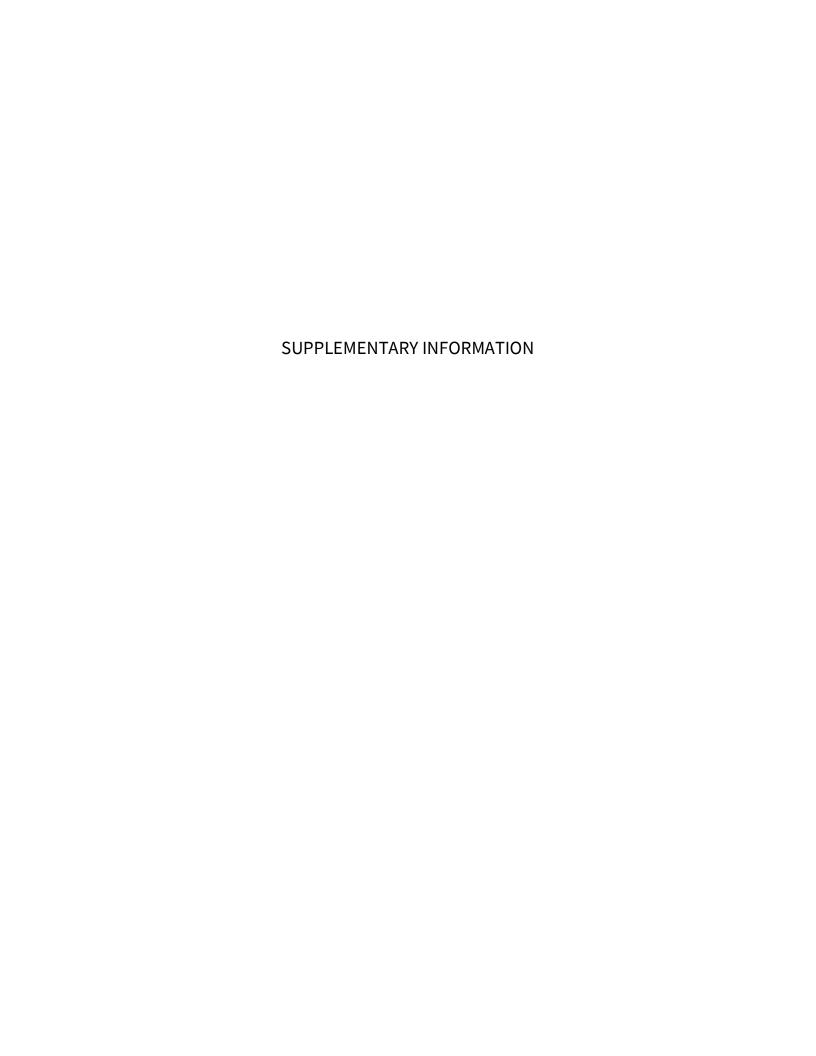
#### General Fund

Village Hall Payroll Expenditures	\$ 3,280
Village Hall Dues and Membership	12,954
Village Hall Public Relations	579
Village Hall Utilities	24,168
Village Hall Community Events	30,096
Village Hall Miscellaneous	18,726
Public Safety Equipment Repairs	1,329
Police Salaries	7,850
Police Payroll Expenditures	14,685
Police Telecommunications	5,314
Police IT Support	1,325
Police Gasoline	276
Police Equipment Repairs and Maintenance	3,292
Police Neighborhood Watch	5,262

# Village of Sherman, Illinois NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2023

# NOTE C | EXCESS OVER BUDGET

General Fund (Continued)	
Police Utilities	\$ 3,183
Police Community Events	595
Streets and Alleys Diesel Fuel	3,124
Streets and Alleys Equipment Maint. & Repair	14,236
Streets and Alleys Misc./Supplies	14,213
Streets and Alleys Clean-up Day	1,551
Engineering	62,026
Parks and Recreation Diesel Fuel	1,660
Parks and Recreation Equipment Supplies	35,349
Parks and Recreation Park Events	56,214
Parks and Recreation Misc./Supplies	3,720
Debt Service Capital Lease Interest	8,973
Capital Outlay Police	7,808
Capital Outlay Streets and Alleys	33,360
Capital Outlay Parks and Recreation	5,393
Tax Increment Financing Fund	
Salaries	\$ 16,615
Surplus Distribution	40,120
Miscellaneous	60
Debt Service Principal	463,952
Debt Service Interest	115,931
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	
Miscellaneous Projects	\$ 26,633
Street Lighting	9,235
Signal Maintenance	1,296



## Village of Sherman, Illinois TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET BY SUBFUND April 30, 2023

	Original I <u>F District</u>	Route 66 IF District	Rail Pointe TIF District		Total <u>TIF Fund</u>	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 881,476	\$ 170,826	\$	521,192	\$ 1,573,494	
Property tax receivable	-	-		-	-	
Due from other funds	 50,442	-		4,472	54,914	
Total assets	\$ 931,918	\$ 170,826	\$	525,664	\$ 1,628,408	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,997	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,997	
Accrued payroll	348	-		-	348	
Due to other funds	-	-		34,519	34,519	
Total liabilities	2,345	-		34,519	36,864	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 -	-		-	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -	-		-	-	
Total liabilities and deferred						
inflows of resources	2,345	-		34,519	36,864	
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for economic development	 929,573	170,826		491,145	1,591,544	
Total fund balances	 929,573	170,826		491,145	1,591,544	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 931,918	\$ 170,826	\$	525,664	\$ 1,628,408	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Village of Sherman, Illinois
TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BY SUBFUND
Year ended April 30, 2023

	1	Original <u>FIF District</u>	Route 66 IF District	ail Pointe F District	Total TIF Fund
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	1,210,240	\$ 322,275	\$ 69,822	\$ 1,602,337
Investment income		9,604	3,091	4,119	16,814
Sales tax		-	-	1,121	1,121
Total revenues		1,219,844	325,366	75,062	1,620,272
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Salaries		16,695	-	-	16,695
Miscellaneous		60	-	-	60
Surplus distribution		605,120	-	-	605,120
Debt service					
Principal		-	714,952	-	714,952
Interest		-	140,931	-	140,931
Capital outlay		230,179	-	-	230,179
Total expenditures		852,054	855,883	-	1,707,937
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		367,790	(530,517)	75,062	(87,665)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM					
Debt cancellation		164,278	-	-	164,278
Net change in fund balances		532,068	(530,517)	75,062	76,613
Fund balances at beginning of year		397,505	701,343	416,083	1,514,931
Fund balances at end of year	\$	929,573	\$ 170,826	\$ 491,145	\$ 1,591,544

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.



### **Independent Accountants' Report on Management's Assertion of Compliance**

The Board of Trustees Village of Sherman, Illinois

We have examined management's assertion that the Village of Sherman, Illinois, complied with the provisions of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of the Illinois Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (Illinois Public Act 85-1142) during the year ended April 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the Village of Sherman, Illinois' assertion. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assertion about the Village's compliance with the specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was made in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to provide reasonable assurance about whether management's assertion about compliance with the specified requirements is fairly stated, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether management's assertion is fairly stated, in all material respects. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of management's assertion, whether due to fraud or error. We believe the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village of Sherman, Illinois' compliance with statutory requirements.

In our opinion, management's assertion that the Village of Sherman, Illinois complied with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended April 30, 2023 is fairly stated in all material respects.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village Board, management and the Illinois Department of Revenue, Illinois State Comptroller's Office and the Joint Review Board and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Kerber, Eck + Bracekel LLP

Springfield, Illinois October 29, 2024